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give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

POOR HOSE GOOD RUBBER HOSE

WHO HAS NOT HAD

Could be bought ten years ago. Why? Because the was rubber in it. The Hose sold by dealers today con-tains little or no pure rubber. OUR BLUE BRAND HOSE is the old fashioned kind and ismade of rubber. With good care it should last five or six years. It is ting what you pay for and are not paying a high price



express paid, on receipt of money. SAMPLE FREE IF YOU MENTION THIS PAPER. SAMPLE FREE IF YOU MENTION THE BOSTON WOVEN HOSE CO., MANF'RS OF RUBBER BELTING AND PACKING, 226 DEV ONSHIRE STREET, BOSTON: 205 LAKE ST., CHICAGO; S BUSH ST., SAN FRANCISCO,

Pears' Soap (Scented and Unscented) BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. BEECHAM'S PILLS For Bilious and Nervous Disorders. "Worth a Guinea a Box" but sold BY ALL DRUCCISTS.

AUCTION SALES

DUNCANSON BROS., Auctioneers, Sth and D ets. n.w.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF TWO-STORY FRAME
COTTAGE, TO BE REMOVED WITHIN FIVE
(5) DAYS FROM DAY OF SALE.
On THURSDAY, AUGUST THIRTEENTH, 1801,
AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M., in front of the premises, we will sell at public auction to the highest bidder one Two-story Frame Cottage, situated on the corner of T street and Lincoin avenue, recently condemned for the purpose of widening T street.
Terms cash. by order of the District Commissioners.

u8-4t DUNCANSON BROS., Auction

DATCLIFFE, DARR & CO., Auctioneers.

REGULAR SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. CARPETS, &c., COMPRISING PARLOR, CHAMBER, LIBRARY, DINING ROOM AND OTHER FURNITURE, to be soid exclusively within our sales rooms, 920 Pennsylvania avenue n.w., on TUESDA'1 MORNING, AUGUST ELEVENTH. AT COMMENCEMENT OF SALE, BY ORDER OF THE HONORABLE SECRETARY OF THE IN

TERIOR,

1 Plow.
1 Harrow.
1 Top Wagon.
1 Cart.
RATCLIFFE, DARR & CO., aus. 21

DUNGANSON BROS., Auctioneers, 9th and D sts. n. w. FOUR VERY DESIRABLE BUILDING LOTS IN "PROSPECT HILL." McGLAUGHLIN'S SUB-DIVISION, ADJOIN NG THE BEAUTIFUL SUBDIVISION OF E-KINGTON.
On THURSDAY AUGUST THINTEENTH, 1891, at HALF-PAST FIVE O'CLOCK P.M., in front of the premises, we will sell at public auction LOTS 76, 77, 78 and 79, each fronting 50 feet on Gales avenue by a depth of about 175 feet. Terms easy and made known at time of sale. BUNCANSON BROS., aus-dada Auctioneers, 9th and D streets. ATIMER & SLOAN, Auctioneers.

ATIMER & SLOAN, Auctioneers.

ENTIRE CONTENTS OF GROCERY ESTABLISHMEN1, SITUATE ON SOUTHWEST CORNER
OF TWENTY-FOUETH AND I STREETS
NORTHWEST, AT PUBLIC AUCTION
On WEDNESDAY, AUGUST TWELFTH, INSI,
commencing at TEN O'CLOCK A. M., at store southwest corner of 24th and I streets northwest, we will
sell the entire contents, such as—
Sugars, Teas, Coffee,
Spices, Pickles, Candies,
Jellies, Candies, Crockety,
Soaps, Canned Goods,
Starch, Bues, Ciothes Lines,
Tobacco, Flour, Vinegar,
Buckets, Brooms, Wash Boards,
Tubs, Wood, Tinware,
Scales, Oil Tank,
Small Coffee Mill, New Cook Stove,
Awning, &c., &c.
These are all good staple goods and should com-

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

H. RUHN, 1200 G ST. N.W.,
Established 1872.
Fine Pianos and Organs.
Prices reasonable. Terms casp. 1925-3n

Medal Paris Exposition. 200 first premiumed by over 100 music schools and colleges for lity. Old Planos taken in exchange. The on by. Old Pianos taken in exchange. The only that can take the place of a Grand. PFEIFFER & CONLIFF, 516 11th st. n. w STEINWAY, CHASE, GABLER, BRIGGS' PIANOS

UNEQUALED IN TONE, TOUCH, WORKMANSHIP AND DURABILITY.

Special attention of "Furchasers" is invited to their "New Artistic Styles," finished in designs of HIGH-EST DECORATIVE ART. Flanos for rent. SECOND-HAND PIANOS. - A large assorting SECOND-HAND PIANOS. — A large assortment, comprising aimost every well-known make in the country, in thorough repair, will be closed out at very low faures. SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS offered both in prices and in terms, which will be arranged on EaSY MONTHLY INSTALLMENTS when desired.

WM. KNABE & CO., 468

HOTELS.

EBBITT HOUSE

CHIROPODISTS. TENDER FEET INSTANTLY RELIEVED AND cure guaranteed; best references.
DR. J. J. GEORGES & SON.

Pariors, 1115 Pa. ave. n.w. Specialty—Removal of bunions and ingrowing and ciub nails without pain. CITY AND DISTRICT.

THE EVENING STAR is read every day by nore than three-fourths of the population of the city in which it is printed who are able to read. This record cannot be matched by that of any other nevespaper in the world!

NORMAL SCHOOL GRADUATES Their Legal Status Discussed by the Scho

MAJORITY BELIEVE THAT NORMAL GRADUATE ARE TO BE GIVEN THE PREFERENCE, OTHER THINGS BEING EQUAL—THE CASE OF PRINCIPAL PETTY-OTHER MATTERS.

The meeting of the school board last evenng was of more than ordinary interest and although the temperature of the board room pproached the torrid, yet the trustees held an usually long session. There were several easons for the long session if not the high temperature. The lists of teachers who are to direct the mental training of the children of the city for the next year was approved by the board. The names of the teachers appear in another column. The lists, however, do not include the name of Mrs. Susan J. Peters as teacher in the sixth division. Her case gave rise to a somewhat prolonged discussion on a question that has been before on a question that has been before
the board several times in former years,
namely, as to the powers of the
bord in exercising a discretion as to the appointment of graduates of the Normal Schools
in preference to all others. Special attention
was called to Mrs. Peters' case by two lengthy
communications, one from Mrs. Peters herself
and the other from her uncle, Mr. M. M. Holland. In these communications it was stated land. In these communications it was stated that Dr. Shadd, who was recently appointed by the Commissioners in place of Prof. Gregory, resigned, and who took his seat last evening for the first time, had informed Mrs. Peters that he would not reappoint her as teacher for the ensuing year on the ground that such action would be contrary to law. The memorialists stated that Mrs. Peters is a graduate of the Normal School of the seventh and eighth divisions and had taught for seven years with satisfaction to the supervising principal and visions and had taught for seven years with satisfaction to the supervising principal and the superintendent. She resigned in 1890, as required by the rule relating to married women as teachers, she having a few months before the enactment of this rule married Mr. H. R. Peters, then principal of the Mott building. He died in December last and in June last, within twelve months following her resignation, she was reinstated as teacher in the sixth division. Mr. Holland adds, after reciting these facts, that Mrs. Peters now comes up with the journed to Monday. division. Mr. Holland adds, after reciting these facts, that Mrs. Peters now comes up with the other teachers for reappointment for the ensuing school year. But he states Dr Shadd decided that her reappointment would be in violation of the rule of the board giving preference to graduates of the Normal Schools of the seventh and eighth divisions. Mr. Holland, as also Mrs. Peters, urges that she is clearly cligible for reappointment and asks that the board gible for reappointment and asks that the board

DR. SHADD'S POSITION. In accordance with the rule of the board these communications were referred to Dr. Shadd, the trustee for the sixth division, for his action. Dr. Shadd, however, had evidently had his attention called to the case of Mrs. Peters before he heard the communications read.
At any rate, after the routine business had been disposed of he made a statement of the grounds of his action. In beginning he said that he hesitated to address the board, as this that he hesitated to address the board, as this was his first appearance as a member. He thought it was more becoming to be a listener. But he had been obliged to perform an official act soon after his appointment, which evidently did not meet with the approval of some. He wished it to be understood that in doing what he had done he had been actuated solely by a sense of duty. If he had consulted his personal preferences he would certainly have reconsense of duty. If he had consulted his personal preferences he would certainly have reappointed Mrs. Peters, whom he knew personally and highly respected. He found himself confronted by a law and the issue was forced upon him to act in accordance with the law or in the line of his personal feeling. He had decided to conform his official action to the law. He then read that portion of the set of the legislative are that portion of the act of the legislative as sembly of June 23, 1873, as given in the following order of the District Commissioners of July

That in case of a surplus of the graduates of a former year being unemployed at the graduation of the next succeeding year, the graduates of the latter year should have preference, and so on under this rule.

so on under this rule.

"That teachers heretofore employed in violation of the rule prescribed by the legislative act above cited should not be re-employed during the present year, unless all of the Normal School availables have been exhausted."

THE LAW MANDATORY. Dr. Shadd said that it was clear to him that the law and the order of the Commissioners based on the law was mandatory upon the members of the board and that it was illegal to members of the board and that it was illegal to appoint teachers until the Normal School graduates had received appointments. With this view of the law he could do nothing else than he had done and he rested his case right there. If the board or the Commissioners saw lift to reverse his action he. fit to reverse his action, he, of course would

It was pointed out by Mr. Thayer that the construction of the law, as explained by Dr. Shadd, was not that which the board had been acting upon under advice from the law office of the District Commissioners. He referred to a letter which he had received from Mr. J. J. Darlington, an ex-trustee, in which the latter said that this same question had come up be-fore the board while he was trustee. It was fore the board while he was trustee. It was then referred by the District Commissioners to their atterney, who at first held that Normal School graduates must be preferred to all others. The order of the Commissioners quoted above. Mr. Thayer said, was based on this opinion. Then when Mr. Paul, the principal of the High School, died, the attention of the Commissioners was called to the fact that maker this construction of these of the scients. the Commissioners was called to the fact that under this construction of the act of the legislative assembly it would be necessary to appoint a Normal School graduate to that position as well as to several other equally unsuitable. The attorney for the District, Mr. Davis, gave the matter very careful consideration, and his opinion was furnished to the board and has been their guide since. Mr. Thayer read the opinion of Mr. Davis, which held in effect that if it had been the intention of the legislature to require absolutely the appointment of Normal School graduates it would have used language to express this intention. The language actually used is far different. It merely requires that the Normal School graduates shall have preference in the matter of appointment. have preference in the matter of appointment What this means, the opinion goes on to ex-plain, is that when an appointment is to be plain, is that when an appointment is to be made and several persons, of whom a Normal School graduate is one, appear otherwise equally entitled to appointment, the normal graduate, merely by virtue of being such a graduate, shull be preferred. "Very clearly," the opinion continues, "this leaves to the proper authorities the determination of the question whather the several possible or question whether the several possible ap-pointees are equal in other respects than being graduates of the Normal School. An opinion of the Attorney General is cited on the subject

of the Attorney General is cited on the subject of appointments to positions in the civil service under the law which provides that in such ap-pointments preference shall be given to soldiers. This means, says the Attorney Gen-eral, that preference shall be given, other things being equal, to the class of persons named in the section.

Mr. Thayer thought that this interpretation of the law was the covered one and while it of the law was the correct one, and while it provided for the normal graduates yet it left a discretionary power with the trustees. He also called attention to the fact that the act of 1873 was passed before the Normal School for the seventh and eighth divisions was established, and therefore it could not possibly refer to

A New Ohio Railroad. An earnest and effective argument was made by Mr. Bruce, who spoke of the appointment to which had been made by Dr. Shadd. While admitting that the two cases were similar he claimed that his appointment was made in accordance with the practice of the board. As the board had as members several able lawyers he felt that he was perfectly safe in following their interpretation of the law. In addition his own examination of the law convinced him that the preference required to be given to normal graduates was only when other things were equal. In the case of the colored schools Mr. Bruce said that the law required the appointment of twenty normal graduates, and then vacancies could be filled with others in the discretion of the board. He claimed that the legislative act had no reference to the colored schools, and he also referred to the decision of the attorney for the Commissioners. to which had been made by Dr. Shadd. While

New Orleans G. A. R. Posts May Seced The action of the Grand Army encampm on the race question has created considerable stir among the white members of the order at New Orleans. No action, however, will be taken until the delegates return, but Grand

mandatory upon the board to appoint normal graduates. If the law was regarded as a bad one the best way would be to enforce it and then it would be repealed. But while it re-mained on the statute books he believed in en-

forcing it. He suggested that the appointment of the two ladies be referred to the District Commissioners for their action.

Mr. Mitchell, the president of the board, who had vacated the chair for the time, objected to such a reference, because, in his opinion, it was a question for the board to determine. In discussing the question he said there was no law requiring that all normal graduates should be appointed in preference to all others. He believed that the custom of the board in this believed that the custom of the board in this particular was entirely legal. At the same time he knew of no law to compel Dr. Shadd to make a nomination. The discussion then came to a close and Dr. Shadd's nominations, which did not include the name of Mrs. Peters, were approved with the other lists.

IN MR. PETTY'S BEHALF. The board received earlier in the evening second visit from a delegation of citizens of Anacostia to urge the retention of Mr. H. S. Petty as principal of the school there. The delegation was composed of Carroll Smith, A. B. Frisbie, W. E. Tew and F. S. Lampson. They made short but earnest speeches in behalf of Mr. Petty, commending his efficiency as a teacher and attributing the opposition that had arisen to the effort of a clique. After they had arisen to the effort of a clique. After they had finished they withdrew and the board resumed the transaction of business.

RESIGNATIONS AND APPLICATIONS. The resignation of W. J. Chinn as messenger to the superintendent of the public schools was accepted. Mr. Chinn has been appointed clerk in charge of the free school books. The resignation of J. C. Ross as teacher in the Business High School and L. S. Nichols as teacher were

Applications were received from F. A. Springer and for position as cooking teacher from Kate M. Nalle. from Kate M. Nalle.

The fellowing applied for janitor's positions:
Thomas Warren, John B. Colemann, John F.
Scott, Madison M. Green and Frank Norris.
The appointment of James S. Meyers as janiter of the Phillips building was approved.
Lewis Munroe was appointed messenger in place of W. J. Chinn.

Mr. John T. Mitchell was re-elected president of the board for the ensuing year and J. E.

of the board for the ensuing year and J. E. Falck was re-elected secretary. The board adjourned shortly after 10 o'clock.

value. The McLaughlin property was worth more owing to the fine view-5 to 6 cents per

gible for reappointment and asks that the board intervene to prevent an injustice being done. Mr. J. P. Klingle testified as to the Watson ents per foot. Galen N. Green testified that in 1886 he bought nineteen acres of Nathan Page and sold off twelve acres with 250 feet on 7th street Hayes' ground is worth 10 cents a foot and Mrs. Barton's and Mrs. Cowperth's waite cost about the same. To sum it up all the land between the park and 7th street road is worth \$3,000 By Mr. Parker—Knew the Ray property (22 J. D. Cameron) and it was worth \$1,500 per

acre. THE CAMERON PROPERTY. Mr. M. M. Parker testified that the Cameron property was purchased in 1885 at \$350 per acre, and it had been graded, the price paid being \$10,000. Two years before the passage of the park bill they could have sold for \$1.000 per acie. Capt. Thomas and witness were in-terested with Mr. Cameron in the purchase. The western part of the tract, he thought, was the most desirable for building sites, and he thought that for truck purposes it was well worth \$500 per acre. It had been stated that he put a valuation of 40 cents per foot on it, but he did not mean to say that was for the whole tract. With the one-third taken out for streets and for the improvements, when they are all completed, he thought 40 cents per foot

then spoke of the numerous subdivisions ex-tending to Charlton Heights and further on over the road, and to Rockville on another, and said that off the railroads there were acres of vacant building lots.

Commissions Signed by the President. The President yesterday at his seaside cottaged commuted the sentence of Charles A. Amerman, San Francisco, Cal., who was convicted of tampering with the mails. Pardon denied. The \$500 fine was reduced to \$100. Ezra H. Heywood, editor of the Word, Princeton, Mass., who was sentenced to two years for misuse of the mails, was denied a pardon.

The commission of Fred M. Wise to be lieutenant commander, United States navy; Lovell K. Reynolds lieutenant, James C. Gilmore, K. Reynolds lieutenant, James C. Gilmore, lieutenant, Wm. A. Gil., Junior grade, were signed with the following postmesters: James W. Halt, Grafton, W. Va; John T. Robinson, Vineyard Haven, Mass.; M. E. Jehnson, Boville, Tenn.; John W. Howson, Cassenovia, N. Y.; James H. Weaver, Mound City, Ill.; James B. Slack, Metropolis City, Ill.; Walter G. Shaw, Harriman, Tenn. Frank B. May, commissioner of deeds, Illinois.

The President took his usual poorday and The President took his usual noonday surf

bath, accompanied by the capital ladies.
Postmaster General Wanamaker is expected The Mysterious Poughkeepsie Tragedy. Ccroner Rion of Ulster county, N. Y., is trying to clear up the mystery surrounding the finding in the river of the body of a woman near Poughkeepsie, about fifty-five years old, well dressed and denoting comfortable circumstances in life. There was nothing on the body to show the woman's identity. An autopsy was was held yesterday, which showed that the woman was dead before she touched the water, and it is suspected that she was robbed and murdered on one of the night boats and her

The Chicago express on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railroad ran into a horse and buggy yesterday at Evendale, near Cincinnati. In the vehicle were Louis Duckhorn and Thomas Goodpaster, both employed at Clark's livery stable in the village. Goodpaster was thrown twenty feet in the air and struck the ground on his head, fracturing his struck the ground on his head, fracturing his skull. Duckhorn was thrown ahead of the train and alighted on the track, the engine passing over him and cutting off both legs. The injured men were brought to Cincinnati and taken to the hospital. Duckhorn died twenty minutes after reaching there. The buggy was smashed into fragments and the horse killed.

Indians' Captives for Twelve Years. Calvin Page arrived at Boston yesterday with his two girls, whom he recovered from the Chiute band of Indians of Dakota, who held them captives for twelve years. Page with his wife and children settled in Dakota in 1876. They were all captured by Indians. Mrs. Page died from the shock caused by seeing her hus-band bound to a tree and the children were carpand bound to a tree and the children were car-ried away. Page was released by cowboys and returned to Boston. Recently he received in-timation that his girls were living and he journeyed to Dakota with the result of finding

board of directors of the Toledo and Ohio Northern Railway Company at a meeting held in Cleveland, Thursday, at the office of the Lake Shore Company, authorized the immediate prosecution of the work of building that road. The line will extend from Fayette, Fulton county, Ohio, to Shipshewana, Ind., and will pass through Williams county, Ohio, and Steuben and Lagrange counties, Ind., and will furnish a third road between Toledo and Elkhart. The road was formed in the in-terest of the Lake Shore and Michigan South-ern Company, by which its bonds will be guar-

DR. SHADD REMAINS FIRM.

In reply Dr. Shadd said that it was easy to get opinions from lawyers about the interpretation of a law. But in this case the law, in his opinion, was a plain one, and it clearly made it opinion, was a plain one, and it clearly made it opinion.

HAGERSTOWN NEWS. Condition of the Wheat Crop-A New and

HAGERSTOWN, August 7, 1891.

Now a wail comes up from the farmers-no political or alliance wail-but one to the effect that the wheat crop of this county for the present season has been overest Like the peninsula peach grower, the farmer but despite this miserable Ordway weather who does not begin early and continue late the good humor still prevails. The boys were all cry of a "poor yield" is looked upon as an aris-tocrat within the fold. But in all honesty and justice to the "tillers of the soil" it can be seen mist and wet grass, but they all knew that the crop of the present season is a good that another one of those good meals average one and no more. The condition of the wheat at the close of harvest was excellent. It was dry and the grains were hard and flinty. That which was gathered into the barns is yet crowd of guests, &c., who happened in excellent condition, but unfortunately some farmers, not anticipating the rainy season which followed harvest, left their wheat in the field while they made hay or ploughed corn. The continued rains have prevented the gathering of much of this wheat, and it is no doubt seriously damaged. The wheat in ricks in the fields is damp and the grain tough, so much so that the millers cannot take it, and some of the farmers who began threshing have been comfarmers who began to resning have been com-pelled to discontinue. Notwithstanding these vicissitudes the farmer should be happy. The corn crop is made—will be a big one, and no lack of rain for the rest of the season can do it any material injury.

Joshua Wilson has been a prosperous and prominent merchant of Sharpsburg, this county, for many years. He is now dead at the

Fatal Hog Disease-Notes

f forty-seven years, leaving a widow and ten children. Dropsy and heart failure caused the death of Mr. G. G. Gruber at the good old age of seventy-three years. He was one of the best known citizens of Hagerstown, noted for his strong democratic political proclivities, which he asserted on all occasions.

which he asserted on all occasions.

A new disease has appeared among the bogs of this county, and one which is quite fatal. The disease as it progresses swells up the head to an abnormal size and the eyes protrude from their sockets. Death soon follows. No name has as yet been given the disease.

Rev. Robt. Raymond, colored, for several years pastor of the Bethel A.M.E. Church of this city, died in Baltimore a day or two ago. Fer one of his race he was a learned divine and highly esteemed by the colored people of Hagerstown.

Ex-Congressman L. E. McComas has just returned from the Yellowstone Park and is being

strongly pressed to accept the republican nom-ination for governor of this state. As yet he has given no expression as to his intentions. Say "railroad" to a Hagerstowner and you will set him all aglow. This is the condition in which Hagerstowners are now. The West Virginia Central engineers (and the West Virginia Central wanted the Chesapeake and Ohio canal) have struck Hagerstown on a survey for a road, journed to Monday.

Capt. Bridgestestified to Mrs. Hayes' property being worth 3½ cents per foot and other preperties in the neighborhood having a similar dred other adjuncts, all of which has a tendered to Monday.

Which, it is said, will bring up at Washington. In an interview with a representative of a local paper the chief engineer predicted a bright future for Hagerstown—car shops and kindred other adjuncts, all of which has a tendered other adjuncts, all of which has a tendered other adjuncts.

John Peiffer is likely to die. He is a fireman on the Cumberland Valley railroad and leaned too far out of his cab window and was struck property being worth \$3,000 per acre or 7 and drawn out upon the track by a mail pouch At the age of seventy-seven years Mr. David

Alter, a highly esteemed farmer of this county, is dead. He resided near Mt. Ætna and leaves a widow, but no children.

Messrs. T. P. Lapole, Wm. T. Moore and
John S. Dutrow, all of this county, are happy.

Their exuberance is accounted for by the
fact that each of them have been granted original pensions by the government.

Cards are out announcing the approaching nuptials of Miss Clara E. Leatherman and Mr. John P. Hade. The ceremony will take place at the home of the bride at Cearfoss on Wednes-

day, the 12th instant.

While filling a break at dam No. 4 on the Chesapeake and Ohio canal the workmen unearthed three human skeletons. They were in perfect condition, but unceremoniously thrown with the carth into the break. The remains were likely those of some of the unfortunates drowned in the flood two years ago and which wrecked the canal.

Daniel Virtz, a base ball player and a resi-

Daniel Virtz, a base ball player and a resident of Loudoun county. Va., met a horrible death at Sandy Hook, this county. He had played ball at Martinsburg and was on his way home. With others he left the train at Sandy Hook. When the train started he attempted to jump on and fell between the cars, having both legs cut off and his head mashed.

Mr. Geo. Dillon of Washington is spending bis vacation in this city. season in the census bureau is enjoying a vacation in this town and county. — Mr. B. F. Rill of Washington is at the Blue Mcuntain House — Mr. Richard Fechtig of Washington is visiting his mother in this city. — Miss Maggie Heath and Miss Nelly Cartwright of

Maggie Heath and Miss Nelly Cartwright of Washington are guests in the family of ex-Postmaster Wm. P. Lane, this city.

Two Italians employed at the mountain lock on the Chesapeake and Ohio canal were drowned in the Potomac river. One of the men stepped into the river. The water was about ten feet deep and being unable to swim his companion tried to save him from drowning. In the struggle both were drowned. It is said both of the men have families in Italy. B.

KILLED THROUGH JEALOUSY Miss Ida Kipp, a Pretty Cincinnati Girl, Sho

by Joseph Levi. About 8 o'clock last night Joseph Levi the beer garden he stepped up and drew a revolver from his pocket and fired four shofts at her, one taking effect in the head and another through the left hand. He then placed the weapon to his own head and pulled the trigger, but it missed fire. He ran down 5th street drawing the shells from his revolver and trying to relead it with the intention of ending his to reload it with the intention of ending his own life. In his flight he stumbled and fell to the sidewalk, discharging the revolver, but doing no serious damage. He got up and tried to escape from the crowd which was after him,

but was finally captured and lodged in the cen-tral police station.

Levi was an applicant for a position on the Levi was an applicant for a position on the police force of Cincinnati and passed the examination a few days ago. He is about twentsix years old. Ida Kipp was a handsome girl about nineteen years of age. She lived at No. 28 Anderson street. The girl, after being wounded, was taken to the city hospital, but died soon after she reached there.

The joint committee of arrangements of the Grand Army posts in Albany and vicinity met last night and completed a program for the reception of Commander-in-Chief Gen. Palmer on his arrival Monday. Past Department Commander Treadwell was chosen president of the committee. Past Commander Shoemaker of committee. Fast Commander Shoemaker of post 63 was elected marshal. The commanders of the several posts will meet Mr. Palmer at Schenectady. All the posts in the vicinity will be in line and the citizens will be invited to join. Cannon will be fired, fireworks dis-charged and colored fires burned. Gov. Hill will welcome Commander Palmer on behalf of the state. It will be a grand event.

Charles E. Goodwin Buried. Two hacks followed to its last resting place in the Lane family lot in the old cemetery back of the Unitarian church at Arlington, near Boston, yesterday afternoon, the body of Charles tram Webster's jealousy. About the arrival of the body the family observe the strictest si-lence. It is known, however, that it arrived in the morning. To the villagers the tragic death of their fellow townsman is a severe shock. They speak of him as a bright young man in the high school and in business. In Arlington he was known as upright and noble, and every-body liked him. His relatives in Arlington are people of the highest standing.

Great excitement prevailed at Windsor, Canada, last evening. Citizens who have a leaning toward American principles and government decorated their places of business in honor of the G. A. R. celebration in Deiroit. Minister of Militia Caron was telegraphed by

HARPER'S FERRY HOSPITALITY. How the Ordway Rifles Are Enjoying Them selves at Camp Campbell.

CAMP CAMPREY

HARPER'S FERRY, W. VA. Angust 4, 1891. It rained all night and far into the morning was awaiting them and so hurried through. shouting, "Glory to God!" After breakfast the guard was mounted, and He was assisted up the steps of the scaffold this ceremony proved quite interesting to the averting his eyes from the noose. After every preparation had been made for the drop, Rev. Jackson asked, "Did you do it—you know what

present. Richard Esper was corporal of the guard and Privates Bethel, Hodges, Jackson, Hawes, McGowan and Newcomb were his ser Guard mount being over the company as sembled for drill. This also attracted large crowds from the neighboring hotels. The new extended order drill was taken up, but on account of the rain not much headway was made. It will be taken up again tomorrow and if the weather is clear great progress is ex-

DONNED THEIR NEW UNIFORMS. It cleared off in the afternoon and the boys donned their new uniforms for the first time. At 4:30 drill was again resumed. The exercise concluded with a dress parade, which, with only one company, was a unique feature in itself. Several of the movements were liberally applauded.

Ordways are in every nook and corner of Harper's Ferry tonight. About ten of them were entertained in royal style at the residence of Mr. Erwin, the editor of the Harper's Ferry The hungry five, composed of Corpl. Wm. S. Carpenter, Corpl. Rich'd Espey (corporal of the night's guard) and Privates Copeland, Long and Orrisou, kept the whole camp in a splendid

humor today, and it is expected they will make things lively for the guard tonight. A BALL AT THE SUMMIT. This afternoon an invitation was received from the young ladies of the Summit House equesting the company to be present at the tel on Thursday night, when a grand ball will he held in their honor. It is needless to say at every member will attend and a great time

The health of the camp is splendid. Private Preston, however, got a cinder in his eye while on the train and it gave him a little trouble, but he will be all right for drill tomorrow. Private White was also indisposed today on account of a headsche, but is much better to Tomorrow night the boys attend a ball given

in their honor at the Hill Top House. AUGUST 6. ONE DAY WITHOUT RAIN. Although this morning looked as threaten

ing as all the previous ones have it did not rain. In fact, it cleared off about 9 o'clock and was a most beautiful day.

and was a most beautiful day.

The new extended order was practiced again this morning. The boys like the new drill very much but the great amount of laxity ity allowed nearly spoils it for an exhibition drlli. Blank cartridges were used for the first time today and the steady and even firings of the ompany were the subject of much favorable AN EXCURSION FROM WASHINGTON. Jsut after drill the white duck trousers were

donned, and when the excursion from Washington arrived the boys were dressed at the best to receive them. A very large crowd mostly sisters, came on the excursion, and from the time of its arrival until drill great times were had. Most every member was re-membered by a cake or an invitation to lunch, and the immense lawn in front of the hotel was fairly dotted with parties of three and four.

At 3 o'clock drill call sounded and the members turned out in full force, just six fours and guides being in line. An exhibition drill, lasting

about an hour, was thoroughly enjoyed by all. The drill concluded with a dress parade and the movements received the most enthus applause from the mostly fair audience. A GIDDY ROUND OF PLEASURE. The excursionists left for home about

o'clock, and then the boys commenced getting 26, 1889:
Ordered: That graduates of the normal schools of this District must have preference in all cases when appointments of teachers for the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the public schools are to be made. (Act legislation of the school of the most charming "favor." Dancing commences mission was had and ice cream and cake were enjoyed for a short while. Dancing was again enjoyed for a short while. Dancing was again resumed at 1 and continued uninterrupted until 3. The ball was a most excellent affair and great credit is due to the young ladies of the hotel, who had the full management of it. Gen. Ordway officially notified Capt. Williams that, on account of being called to New York, he would not be able to attend the encampment. He also sent his regrets to the young ladies, explaining his inability to be

present at the ball.

Today's guard was as follows: Sergeant of the guard, F. A. Carpenter, with Copeland, Wells, Long, Clark, Frazer and White as sentinels.

A Boston dispatch says: Officer Moore of the steamer Queensmore, which speke both the diminutive ocean racers, the Mermaid and the Sea Serpent, forwards a letter from Capt. Lawshot and almost instantly killed Ida Kipp as | ler of the latter craft, then 1,100 miles ahead of shot and almost instantly killed Ida Kipp as she was entering the gate of a 5th street beer garden in Cincinnati with a gentlemar. Levi had been paying attention to the girl for some time and was jealous of her. He saw the couple walking together on the street and followed them for several blocks. Just as they reached the beer garden he stepped up and drew a relief to the latter craft, then 1,100 miles ahead of the Mermaid. The log begins July 8 and ends with July 20. July 9 a squall came up and the captain had scarcely got his sails furled and secured when it was upon him in all its fury. For an hour be had a very hard time of it. On July 10 he fell overboard, but was saved by a rope tied around his waist. Two days later a squall threw his boat on her beam ends and she the Mermaid. The log begins July 8 and ends with July 20. July 9 a squall came up and the captain had scarcely got his sails furled and secured when it was upon him in all its fury. For an hour be had a very hard time of it. On July 10 he fell overboard, but was saved by a rope tied around his waist. Two days later a squall threw his boat on her beam ends and she just missed sinking. Again a rope saved Law-ler's life. Most of his provisions were spoiled by water. bothered principally by calms. He had caught some fish, among them a three-inch mackersl.

----The Nomination of Seltz. A special to The Star from Columbus, O., says Politicians look upon the nomination of Seitz by the people's party yesterday as the weakest that could be made. They say he is "worn out," having first been a democrat, then greenbacker and then a labor party man. He was a candidate for governor in 1881, when Secretary Foster was elected governor the second time, running on the greenback ticket, and received only 6,000 votes in a total vote of 600,000. He is a farmer of Seneca county, Secretary Foster's

last evening that Seitz would not take twenty yotes from the democratic ticket, even in his bwn county, and, of course, his influence will

The committee of fifteen recently appointe by the Cleveland democracy in Buffalo to define a course of action to be pursued with regard to the rules adopted by their fellow democrats yesterday issued a manifesto to the dem-ocratic electors of Buffalo defining the position of the Cleveland democracy and urging the electors to overthrow bossism as expressed in the obnoxious rules and to oppose them until their abrogation. Briefly, the manifesto is taken that the Cleveland democracy will not back down from its position of opposition to Mr. Sheehan's leadership and will knife all can-didates nominated under the rules.

Died From a Rattlesnake's Bite At Branchville, N. J., Wm. P. Elliott died Wednesday from the effects of a rattlesnake bite which he received a week ago. Elliott, who was visiting his father there, was out picking berries. Suddenly he heard the warning rattle. Stooping down to peer under a bush, whence Stooping down to peer under a bush, whence he thought the sound came, he was astonished when the reptile, four feet long, sprang out at him. It caught him by the wrist and plunged its fange again and again in his arm.

Instead of sucking the venom from the wound and hastening immediately home, Elliott hunted up a large rock and then chased the snake until he had the opportunity to kill it. By the time he arrived home his arm was terribly inflamed and much swellen. He was dosed with whisky and a physician called. In spite of the most strenuous efforts, after a week of great agony Elliott died yesterday. The venom completely paralyzed the action of the heart.

decision in the suit of Meric agt. Alvarado, involving the title to the San Pablo ranch in Contra Costs county, Cal., comprisdecorations, flags, &c. This order was telegraphed to Windsor and the aid of Essex
county fusileers had to be called upon. When
Windsor Americans saw that the law was imperative and they must obey flags were removed, but not until after several squabbles, in
which stenss, &c. This order was telegraphed to Windsor and the aid of Essex
ing 18,000 acres of land, was rendered in the
supreme court of California yesterday. The
decision of the lower court in favor of the
moved, but not until after several squabbles, in
which stenss, &c. This order was telegraphed to Windsor and the aid of Essex
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supreme court of California yesterday.
The
decision of the lower court in favor of the
plaintiff, who contended for partition, is sustained and the land will now be divided among
who were billisted there by Detroit's committee,
who were billisted there by Detroit's committee,
are county fusileers had to be called upon. When
the paper
ing 18,000 acres of land, was rendered in the
supreme court of California yesterday.
The
decision of the lower court in favor of the
plaintiff, who contended for partition, is sustained and the land will now be divided among
several hundred owners. The litigation in the
supreme court of California yesterday.
The
decision of the lower court in favor of the
supreme court of California yesterday.
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supreme court of California yesterday.
The decision of the lower court in favor of the
s

HANGED FOR ASSAULT.

have never done injury to man or woman ing. God have mercy on my soul."

on, came in from Viola with her mother dur

ing the morning, but could not be induced to

so terror stricken that it was necessary to re-

THOROUGHGOOD'S CRIME.

James Thoroughgood was a full-blooded

legro, twenty-six years old, a native of Milford

guilty of the crime for which he was executed,

the plea that negroes were discriminated against as such in making up the panels. This

THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Outlook in the Northwest.

A Topeka, Kan., special says: Alonzo Wardell

ness to visit all of the annual alliance state con-

ventions and give them the very latest instruc-

Executive Committeeman Wardell

move her.

on of James Thoroughgood at Dove Del., Yesterday.

James Thoroughgood, colored, was hanged in the fail at Dover, Del., vesterday afternoon for an assault upon an eight-year-old colored child. Thoroughgood was led from his cell moaning and shouting, and leaning heavily on the arms f his spiritual advisers, Bev. Drs. Gibson and ackson. He was scarcely able to walk to the caffold. Rector Gibson read the service for the dead, but his voice was drowned in Thor-oughgood's piteons appeals to heaven. As he walked he kept his eyes straight above him,

mean?" The negro, on the verge of eternity, replied, "I am not guilty." Just as the black cap was drawn over his head. Thoroughgood houted: "I am not guilty, thank God, and as I tand here on the scaffold I declare to God I Scarcely had the words died away when the hatchet fell, and as the doomed man shot through the trap there were some muscular contortions, but his neck was broken, and he was pronounced dead in six and a half minutes, and on the down in fifteen referred. was pronounced dead in six and a half minuses, and cut down in fifteen minutes. The hang-ing was witnessed only by the jurymen, the legal witnesses and the press representatives. Thoroughgood's victim, little Louisa Huffing-

Lord Salisbury started for Chateau Cecil, at Dieppe, yesterday. His last official work was a communication to M. Waddington, the French acommunication 50 M. Waddington, the French ambassador, on the preparations made for the reception of the French fleet at Portsmonth. The official program is as follows: On August 20 a portion of the English fleet will meet the French fleet off the lish of Wight and will escort the French vessels through Spit Head Roadstead to Cowes, opposite Osborne House, where an anchor will be east. On August 21 Admiral Gervais and his officers will dine with the queen. On the 23d the queen will inspect enter the jail, though efforts were made to get her to confront Thoroughgood. When she came near enough to hear his voice she became Admiral Gervais and his officers will dine with the queen. On the 22d the queen will inspect the French ficet and the French officers will at-tend a banquet in the Portsmouth town hall. The 23d, Sunday, will be a day of rest. On the 24th the officers will go to London to visit the naval exhibition and the sailors will be ban-queted in the Town Hall. These are the sai-ient points beside which there will be assistant and had lived in that neighborhood all his life. He married three years ago, and his wife and their one child, a boy of two years, live in Mid-dletown. He had stendfastly denied that he was ient points, beside which there will be a series of balls and junketings, all promising a glowing welcome to the Frenchi

about twenty miles away, when the crime was committed. This was on Sunday morning, the 18th of January. William Buffington, a colored man living near Viola, sent his eight-year-old daughter into that village on an errand. On her way the child was intercepted by Thoroughgood, who carried her into the woods and assaulted her. The assault was characterized by unprintable bru-tality, which made it questionable for several days whether the little girl would live or die She was conscious when found and her injuries came near resulting fatally. As soon as the assault became known the whole neighborhood turned out to hunt down the perpetrator. Thoroughgood was captured at Harrington and after being saved from a threatened lynching house of commons. was locked up in Dover jail. Here, when his victim had sufficiently recovered to stand A LIVELY RECESS FOR MR. BALFOUR.

and to politicians only a short respite of speechmaking. The recess will be the liveliest expemaking. The recess will be the liveliest experienced in many years, each side working in view of the fact that it will be the last campaign before the dissolution of parliament. Mr. Balfour will open the campaign on Monday at Plymouth, when it is expected he will give a Plymouth, when it is expected he will give a July 24 he went to sleep after he had made his plea was negatived by the unanimous resumen, of the levy court commissioners, both demo-erats and republicans, who swore they simply making up the lea was negatived by the unanimous testimony further inkling of his solution of the problem of Irish county government, to which the cabi-net is now distinctly pledged. Since the proronever thought of negroes in making up the grand and petit jury panels. Shortly after his trial and sentence Thoroughgood made an at-tempt to break jail, but was discovered before he had succeeded in breaking through the wall gation speech announced that the coming ses-sion would deal with questions already elabo-rated all rumors of an immediate general elec-tion have ceased. The members know that the legislative program mentioned in the queen's speech in November last is left incomplete and will be resumed next year. It is possible even now to predict with exactitude upon what legislative achievement the cabinet what legislative achievement the cabinet finally hope to take the judgment of the country. Beside the Irish local bill the ministers have perfected an important English measure developing the existing system of local government by creating local councils, and bills to assist the purchase of land in small bulletness and amendian in factors. The country is a specific to the large of the country of work made. f Huron, S.D., a member of the national executive committee of the Farmers' Alliance, arrived here last night. It is Mr. Wardell's busiand bills to assist the purchase of land in small bills to assist the purchase of land in small bills to assist the purchase of land in small bills to assist the purchase of land in small bills to assist the purchase of land in small bills to assist the purchase of land in the found that he would not have time to do it, as the shark was exerting all its strength and its powerful jaws were almost crunching the boat. A brilliant idea dawned on the captain's mind, and taking a patent yacht signal, a number of which he had on board, and which contions, and he will therefore visit Missouri this month to be present at the convention which meets at Pertle Springs August 26. Today, in speaking of the subtreasury agitation in the alliance, Mr. Wardell said that in the states of North and South Dakota, Wisconsin, Oregon,

"You know we are certain of South Dakota "You know we are certain of South Dakota," he said, "and this fall we will get North Dakota as well. In California the people's party is making a determined and an aggressive fight. I am surprised at their strength and the sentiment which I have found wherever I have gone in favor of 'cutting loose' from the old parties."

Mr. Wardell does not think the results of the Kentucky election will hurt the people's party organization in other states. organization in other states.

ATHLETICS AS A STUDY.

Convention of the North American Turner

At the morning session of the instructors athletics, who form the North American Turnerbund, in Philadelphia, yesterday Wm. Reuter of Davenport, Ia., explained that there was a lack of uniformity in giving commands when drilling.

Dr. H. C. Boenning, demonstrator of anatomy at the University of Philadelphia, delivered a lecture in English on the subject of "The Relations of the Muscles to Athletic Pastimes." Dr Boenning was loudly applauded when he concluded and was given a vote of thanks, after which the delegates were given a dinner by the Ladies' Auxiliary Society. The afternoon session was taken up by an address by Secretary H. Hartung on the subject, "By What Means Can We Obtain an Offi-

cial Organ of the Body?"
"What is the Best Time at Which to Hold National Tournaments and Parades, so That They Do Not Conflict With the Regular Exercises?" was discussed by Professor Groemer, Boston.

Mr. F. Eger of Holyoke read a paper on "What Essentials Are to Be Observed in the

Introduction of the Gymnastics in the Public Schools?" after which there was a general dis-Schools? after which there was a general discussion of Swedish gymnastics.

"What May We Adopt of Swedish Gymnastics?" was the subject of a paper read by Karl Zapp of Cleveland, and another, by Chairman Henry Suder of Chicago, requested the executive board of the turnerbund to adopt a regular system of reporting statistics of competitive examinations and to incorporate the same in their yearly publication.

examinations and to incorporate the same in their yearly publication.

Last evening Prof. Richard Pertench of Philadelphia lectured on the physical culture movements for the cure of curvature of the spine, and on deformities and how to cure them.

Results of Yesterday's Races. At Jerome Park: First race, 4 furlongs-Grand Prix, 1; Exotic, 2; Picalilli, 3. Time, 48%. Second race, 1,400 yards—Houston, 1; Oraguez, 2; Pagan, 3. Time, 1.211/4. Third race, 6 fur longs, heats-Beckwon, 1: Roquefort, 2; Margarita, 3. Best time, 1.17. Fourth race, 6 fur-

longs, heats—Beckwon, 1; Roquefort, 2; Margarita, 3. Rest time, 1.17. Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Hamilton, 1; Kilkenny, 2; Rhada Colt, 3. Time, 1.18. Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Helen Rose, 1; Peralta, 2; Lillian, 3. Time, 1.17½. Sixth race, steeplechase, short course—Bassanio, 1; Ecarte, 2; Futurity, 3. Time, 3.37.

At Gloucester: First race, 7 furlongs—Defendant, 1; Morristown, 2; Avery, 3. Time, 1.32½. Second race, 4 furlongs—Yorkshire Lass, 1; Smuggler, 2; Preston B., 3. Time, 51½. Third race, 6 furlongs—Fannie Lewis, 1; A. O. H., 2; Euna, 3. Time, 1.18½. Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Gypsy Queen, 1: Hemet, 2; Hawkstone, 3. Time, 1.20. Fifth race, one mile—Lonely, 1; Martha, 2; Elyton, 3. Time, 1.45. Sixth race, 4 furlongs—Jim Gray, 1; Richland, 2; James A H, 3. Time, 58¾.

At Chicago, Hawthorn track: First race, five furlongs—Queenie Trowbridge, 1; Piccadilly, 2; Dr. Iceman, 3. Time, 1.03¼. Second race, mile and a sixteenth—Little Scasors, 1; Patrick, 2; Carus, 3. Time, 1.50½. Third race, six furlongs—Jean, 1; Maud Howard, 2; C. L. Brown, 3. Time, 1.17½. Fourth race, six furlongs—Geraldine, 1; Maud B., 2; Warren Leland, 3. Time, 1.16½. Fifth race, mile—Dundee, 1; Indus, 2; Buckhound, 3. Time, 1.45%. At Chicago, Garfield Park: first race, thirteen-sixteenths of a mile—Drift, 1; Blue Maid, 2; Leo, 3. Time, 1.21½. Second race, mile—Hindoo Lass, 1: J. J. Healey, 2; Arundel, 3. Time, 1.43¼. Third race, six furlongs—Goldatone, 1; Addie, 2; Jim Head, 3. Time, 1.14½. Fourth race, mile and a sixteenth—Brandolette, 1; Marchma, 2; Jed, 3. Time, 1.48. Fifth race, five furlongs—Maggie Lebus; 1 Corinne, 2; Zantippa, 3. Time, 1.62½.

FOREIGN TOPICS OF INTEREST. A Prospect That the Kaiser Will Visit the Co

If the presence of royal persons can insure the success of the world's fair in Chicago its necess now seems to be assured. It is certain that several members of the English royal family are showing such an interest in the progress of the preparations as indicates an intention on their part to visit the fair, and communications have reached London from Berlin which leave little doubt that if Europe is at peace at the time of the fair the German Emperor will indulge himself in the greatest voyage of his life in seeing America.

The keen and growing interest taken in London in the fair renders it probable that an indon in the fair renders it probable that an in-vitation from the mayor of Chicago to the lord mayor of London asking him to inspect the site and preparations for the fair this year would find acceptance. The question is discussed among members of the common council whether the lord mayor could take a protracted leave of absence from office to go in state to America. Precedents for visits of lord mayors abroad, found in the archives, support the proposal. If the pending arrangements result favorably the lord mayor will be enabled to see Chicago next spring, probably in a semi-private capacity, and his visit will be a prelude to the presence in state of his successor in 1893.

FRENCH PLEET EXPECTED AT PORTSMOUTH.

The growlings of the Frence press over Lord George Hamiston's statement in parliament that no considerable number of members of that no considerable number of members of the house of commons desired to be present at Portsmouth led to Lord Salisbury's intimating to M. Waddington that parliament would be asked for a special grant to entertain the Frenchmen, an honor never accorded to any other foreign squadron. Sir E. Reed, M. P., has written to the Paris Siecle, in the name of the liberals, explaining that the proroguing of parliament is the sole reason for the absence of a large official attendance of members of the house of commons.

The close of the session of parliament bring the journey to Dover, he was identified by her and the identification was supplemented by strong circumstantial evidence. Thoroughgood was tried at the April term and convicted, after his counsel had labored ineffectually to get the jury panels quashed on to the ministers only a brief cessation of work

ing principle will prevent boards created under its provisions from being controlled by the masses.

FOREIGN MILITARY MANEUVERS.

The selection of Brienne as an objective point for the French army maneuvers is considered significant, that place having been the scene of the box contained.

On August 3, while running before a nasty

but lately been nearly idle and having dispensed with a large number of the hands, many of whom have now been taken back. The Spandau to fill the orders for ammunition.

THE WESLEYAN CONFERENCE.

The Wesleyan conference concluded its labors with the significant appointment, by a out himself.

large majority, of Prof. Davison to the chair of theology. His recent address on the inspiration of the Bible and his broad views have of theology. His recent address on the inspiration of the Bible and his broad views have excited alarm among the orthodox. His selection proves the strength of the broad church in English Wesleyanism. Another victory for the forward party was the appointment of a committee to try to obtain an act of parlia-ment rescinding Wesley's deed, under which the three years ministerial circuit system pre-vails. If such an act is obtained the itinerant Wesleyan ministers, the dominant feature of NAVAL MANEUVERS IN THE NORTH SEA.

in the North sea have been keenly watched by

every government in Europe. Experts blame the admirality for suddenly changing the plans, the admirality for suddenly changing the plans, converting the tactical maneuvers after five days' evolutions, into strategic maneuvers, thus spoiling the initiative of the admirals commanding. In spite of the admiralty's blundering the evolutions have yielded results of immense importance. They have shown the rapidity of the mobilization of an English fleet in reality; that the new and complicated instruments of sea warfare like the battle ships Sans Parell and Nile can be againated manned and ments of sea warfare like the battle ships Sans
Pareil and Nile can be equipped, manned and
sent to sea ready for action in a few days. They
have also proved that the 110-ton guns used
on the Sans Pareil can be worked rapidly and
successfully, penetrating nineteen inches of iron
armor and fifteen inches of any compound armor armor and fifteen inches of any compound armor affoat at a range of 2,000 yards. Another discovery made has modified the accepted ideas of the value of torpedo vessels. In no instance did a torpedo vessel succeed in an attack on an ironclad. The system followed against the torpedo vessels converted the defense into an attack. Instead of waiting for the torpedo vessels, the war ships went for them. Out of twenty torpedo boats four were adjudged captured, while two protecting ships were destroyed and seventeen attacks were repulsed. The superiority of active over passive defense The superiority of active over passive against torpedo boats is, therefore, he

JOHN DILLON TO BE THE IRISH LEADER. Mr. Dillou while in London conferred un ceasingly with Parnellites with the view of ending the schirm in the Irish party. He found them resolutely opposed to Mr. Parnell's returement as a condition of reunion. Several intimated their intention to withdraw from public life, but during the tenure of their places in the house of commons they will adhere to their old leader. The meeting of Messers. Dillon, O'Brien, McCarthy and Sexton to deliberate on the future leadership of the party resulted in an agreement that Mr. Dillon should be formally invested with the leadership when parliament reassembles. Meanwhile Mr. McCarthy will be the nominal chief, though Mr. Dillon will be the virtual leader. This arrangement settles rumors ascribing to Mr. Sexton an intention to contest the presidency of the party. ing the schism in the Irish party. He found O'BRIEN'S BANKRUPTCY.

Lord Salisbury has instructed his solicitor to press the bankruptcy case against Mr. O'Brien to the most rapid possible conclusion. Besides Lord Salisbury another claimant, George Bolton, to whom a jury awarded £1,000 damages in a libel action against Mr. O'Brien years ago, has revived his demand. It is plain that the object of both suits is to disqualify O'Brien for parliamentary life. MUMBERT WILL NOT GIVE UP BOME.

A Rome dispatch says that the Italian cabi-not was recently sounded by the French am-basesdor to the Vatican on the subject of a pos-

clared that Rome would forever remain the capital of United Italy; that he would as soon think of surrendering his crown as of recognising any other authority in Rome, and that, however much it pained him to be under the ban of the hand of the Catholic church, it was farthest from his mind to surrender one iots of what had been won with so much sacrifice and suffering by the Italian people. The French ambassador took back the answer to the Vatican, where there was much chagrin, as it appears to have been supposed that the king was in a frame of mind less uncompromising than formerly. A prominent citizen of Rome stated whon he heard of the matter that even if Italy should ever abandon Rome the Romans themselves would never again submit to the papal selves would never again submit to the pap

TREORY OF SUICIDE ADVANCED. The London police insist on the theory of suicide in the case of the old woman Woolfs, found dying yesterday morning from horrible found dying yesterday morning from horrible wounds that suggested the work of Jack the Ripper. The police have found that the woman was insured for £30 for the benefit of her son, and they allege that she terribly cut herself with the razor in order to give the impression of a Ripper murder, and to secure the insurance to her son, she being aged and feeble and with no interest in life. Physicians, however, say that it was impossible for the woman herself to have inflicted the wounds, and some critics aver that the police are hopeless of catching the murderer and wish to dismiss the crime as self-perpetrated. crime as self-perpetrated

POLITICAL EXCITEMENT IN AUSTRALIA. From Victoria, Australia, comes news of great political excitement. The farmers and sheep shearers are holding large meetings in favor of free trade, as more beneficial to their interests than protection, and the miners also have come out generally in favor of free trade. Their leaders argue that Australian farmers and she have a secure and profitable market anyway and that protection inures only to the benefit of the cities and manufacturing centers. The politicians believe that the next election in the colony will turn on this question.

LORD SALISBURY'S VACATION. Lord Salisbury has departed for the continent, where he will spend part of his vacation in interviews with continental statesmen. Queen Victoria has caused some surprise by her emphatic command that the greatest hon-ors shall be shown to the French naval visitors when they arrive at Portsmouth. It is said that this is largely due to the queen's recollec-tion of her hospitable reception during her stay at Grasse, when a portion of the French fleet remained in adjoining waters as a naval

CAPT. LAWLOR'S EXCITING TRIP. ander of the Dory Sen Serpent Re

Capt. Lawlor, on board the American dory Sea Serpent, which started from Boston on an ocean race with the Mermaid, another dory, officered and manned by Capt. Andrews, arrived at Coverack, near Lizard Point, on the English Channel, at 6:30 o'clock Wednesday morning. His recital of the incidents of the

rudder ropes fast and otherwise prepared his boat to care for herself. He was suddenly awakened by a grinding noise, and upon investigating found a shark rubbing against the boat. He paid no attention to this as it was a common occurrence. Suddenly the boat gave a twist and he found that the shark had turned over and had one end of the boat in its mouth trying to gnaw it off. Capt. Lawlor saw that ernment succeed in carrying these and other minor popular measures without fearing that the cabinet wil! be thereby so strengthened as to avert defeat on an appeal to the country.

The burden of the work of the recess rests upon Mr. Balfour. In his Irish local government bill it is understood the feature will be the shark let go the boat and made a dash for the shark let go the boat and

The measure will bear the smaller. The lead-semblance to a home rule measure. The lead-semblance to a home rule measure. The lead-soon after this adventure Capt. Lawler found

significant, that place having been the scene of a severe defeat of the Prussians and their allies by the French under Napoleon I. The French army maneuvers this year will, like the German and bear closer resemblance than usual to actual war. The sudden activity of the German military factories at Spandau has attracted conmilitary factories at Spandau her from righting. Capt. Lawlor was comwhom have now been taken back. The Spandau | jib sheets. He had great difficulty in righting powder works are now running day and night | his little vessel and thought for a time that he

After parting company with the bark he had very dirty weather. When he arrived at Cov-

At the afternoon session of the letter riers' convention at Detroit yesterday the following officers were elected: President, T. C. Dennis, Boston; vice president, A. E. Smith The British naval maneuvers just concluded San Francisco; secretary, J. P. Victory, New York city; treasurer, E. W. Crane, Indianapolis sergeant-at-arms, D. W. Washington, Nash sergeant-at-arms, D. W. Washington, Nashville, Tenn. Executive committee, T. B. Gregory, Denver; G. K. Kleffner, Omaha; C. C. Conden, Cincinnati; P. K. Kiley, Milwaukee; W. H. Hogan, Chicago. Legislative committee, D. D. Rolis, Kansas; J. J. Keans, B. D. Gonzales, New Orleans; C. H. Cutler, Boston, Mass.; C. W. Morton, Brooklyn, N. Y. Insurance and trustees, C. M. O'Brien, Cieveland; W. J. Kent, Auburn, N. Y.; S. E. Graham, Kausas City. Chief collector, Wilmot Dunn.

> THEY ARE COMING! holera Morbus ramps iarrhoea Complaints ysentery. Perry Davis'